

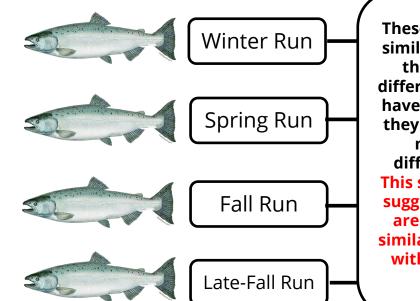
A CALIFORNIA STATE AGENCY

A COMPLEX PHENOTYPE IN SALMON CONTROLLED BY A SIMPLE CHANGE IN MIGRATORY TIMING. Thompson *et al. Science.* 2020.

Agenda Item: 6, Attachment 2 Meeting Date: January 28, 2021

The study determined that a small genomic region, the Region of Strong Association (RoSA), is perfectly associated with different Chinook salmon "ecotypes" or run timing in the Klamath and Sacramento rivers.

FINDINGS FROM THOMPSON ET AL.



These ecotypes look similar but, because they behave so differently, scientists have suggested that they be treated and managed as different species. This study, however, suggested that they are genetically as similar as individuals with different eye color.

SALMON ECOTYPES

MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

Being able to distinguish salmon ecotypes at a genetic level is more accurate and will facilitate conservation and restoration of the ecologically, culturally, and economically important fish.

NOAA FISHERIES